

innovative tools and services for the wireless city in conjuction with the Local Municipality of Monteroni d'Arbia







Participation in the Siena Design Project 2006

Project Tutors
Antonio Rizzo
Patrizia Marti
Silvio Cioni





The Ystreet project focuses on the urban space of Monteroni d'Arbia (7000 inhab. - Tuscany, Italy); concepts and envisioning scenarios of innovative objects are designed for accessing and managing citizen services in public spaces bridging people, context, and activities.

Library Lounge was designed as an adaptive space enhanced by digital technologies to extend the public library to the outdoors

It is constituted by reconfigurable modular elements and furniture to support various individual and collective activities such as studying in group, downloading educational and entertainment resources, sharing contents, listening to audiobooks, partecipating to events, or just relaxing (reading a book).

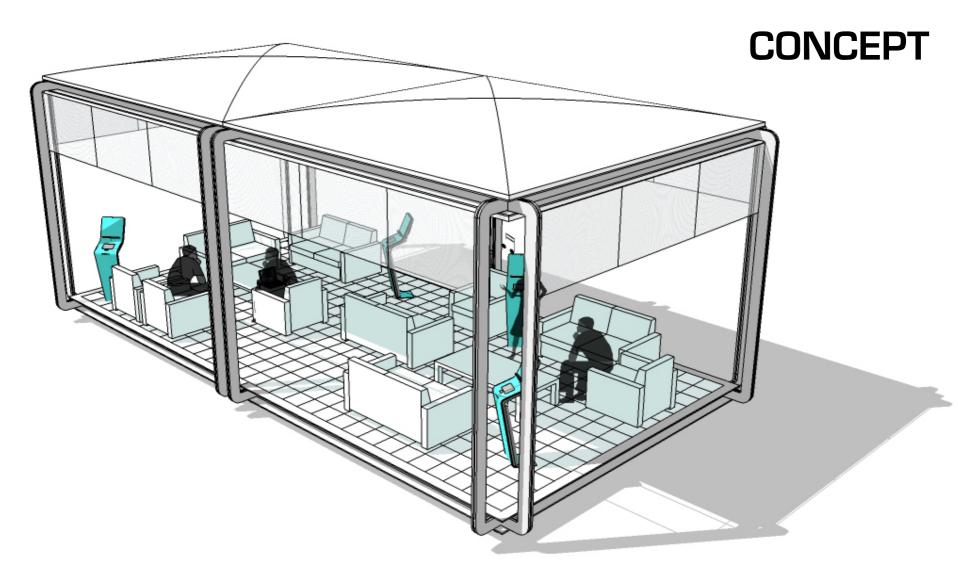
RFID tagged books from the library give access, in the specific lounge areas, to an extension of related contents from the web and previous users

Placing books on the device, gives a range of augmented information to be shared, downloaded, edited in order to increase an interactive cultural experience

The book loan associated to the Library Lounge system generates a continuous literary feedback from users to expand the community knowledge.







ACTORS/ROLES

high school and university students, residents, visitors

PLACES

square outside the library, town park

CONTENT

audio/video and textual educational resources (lessons, seminars, etc.), audio/video and textual contents (audiobooks, e-books, clips, etc.), audio/video entertainment resources (music, webradios, movies, etc.)

ACTIVITIES

group studying, educational resources downloading, didactic activities, entertainment and relax, personal contents sharing, events partecipation, audiobooks listening, book reading

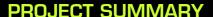
TIME

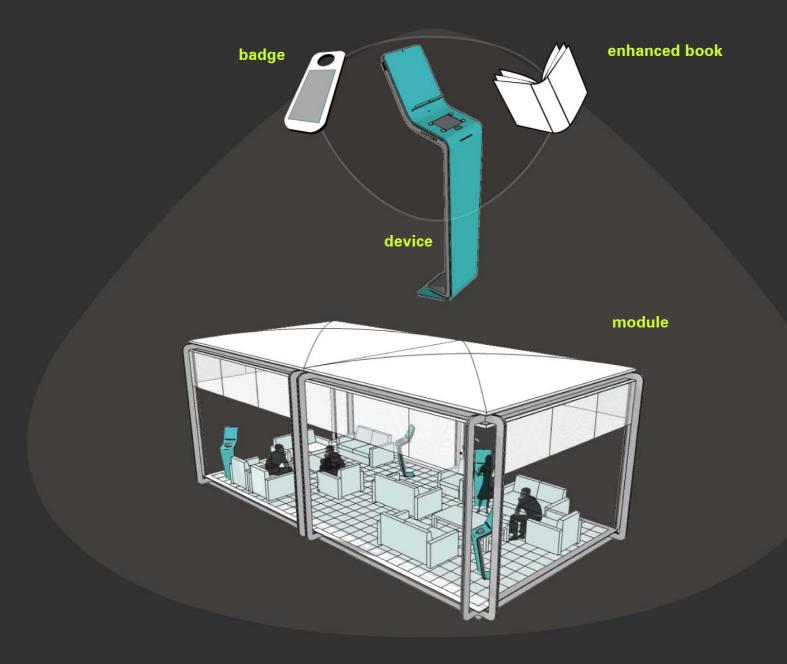
from morning to evening

ENABLING TECHNOLOGIES

wifi, usb, bluetooth, audiospeakers, webcams, microphone, voip, wireless projectors, presence detection sensors, phono-absorbent panels, projection surface, audio/video i/o, rfid reader, dvd recorder, lcd screen, power supplies, leds

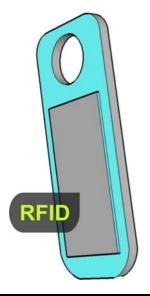


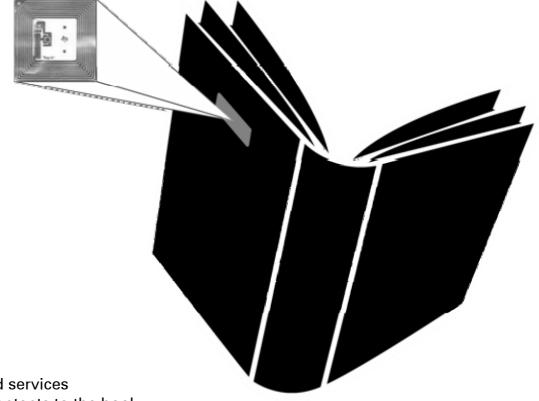




functionality
user identification
access to digital resources and services on the device

technology rfid tag





technology rfid tag

functionality

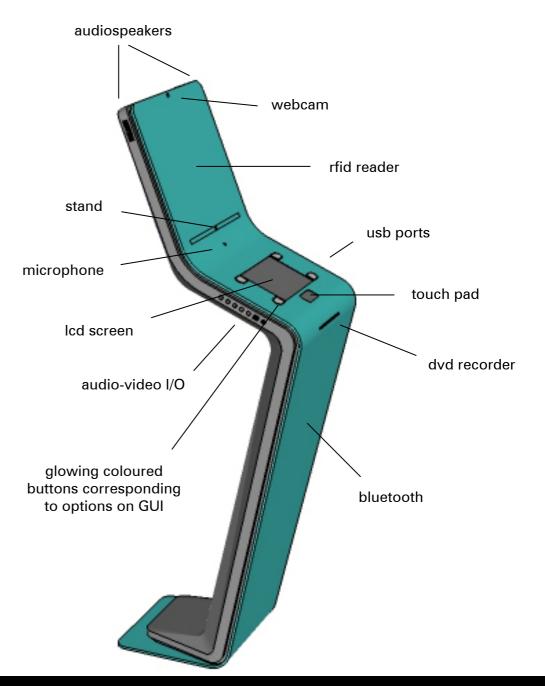
user identification access to digital resources and services retrieval and linking of extra contents to the book

functionality

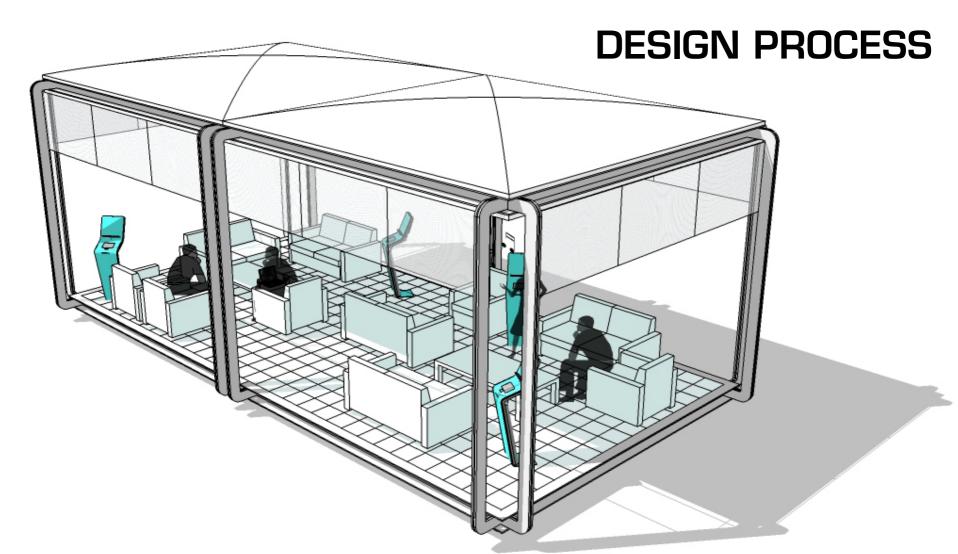
access point for digital resources and services

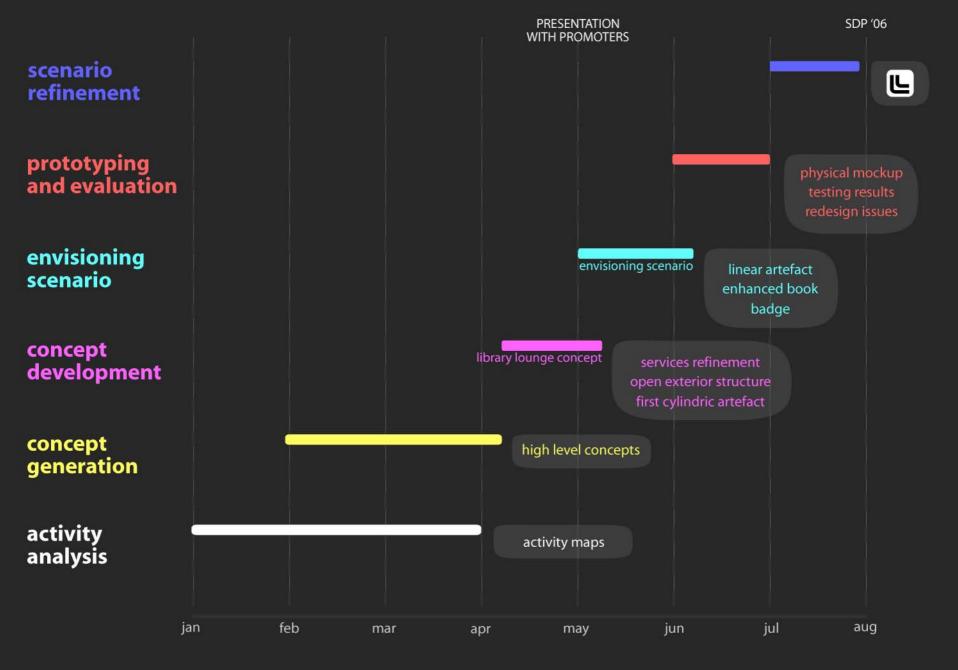
personal contents download/upload and sharing

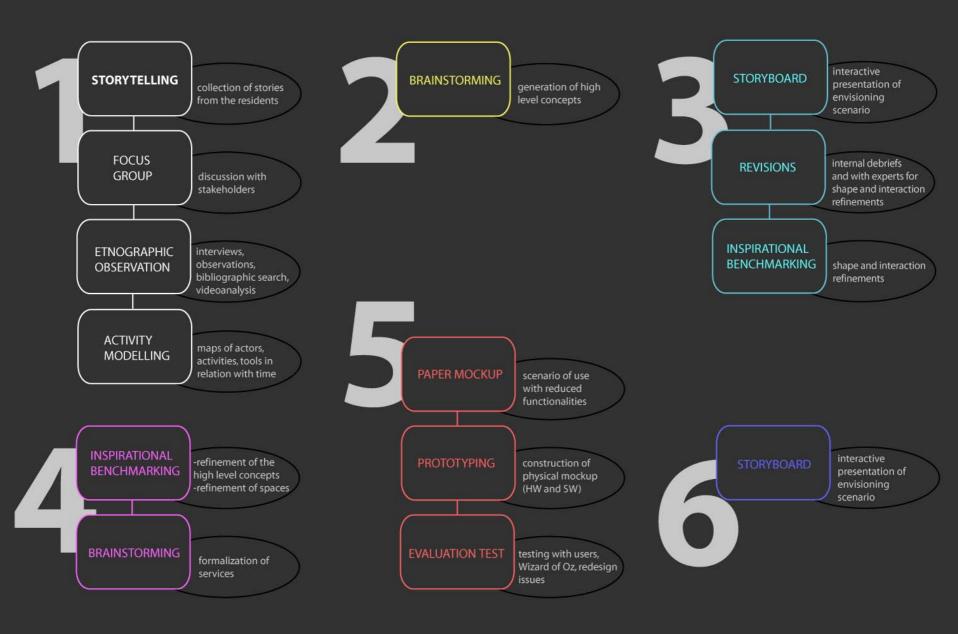
browsing of extra contents of enhanced books

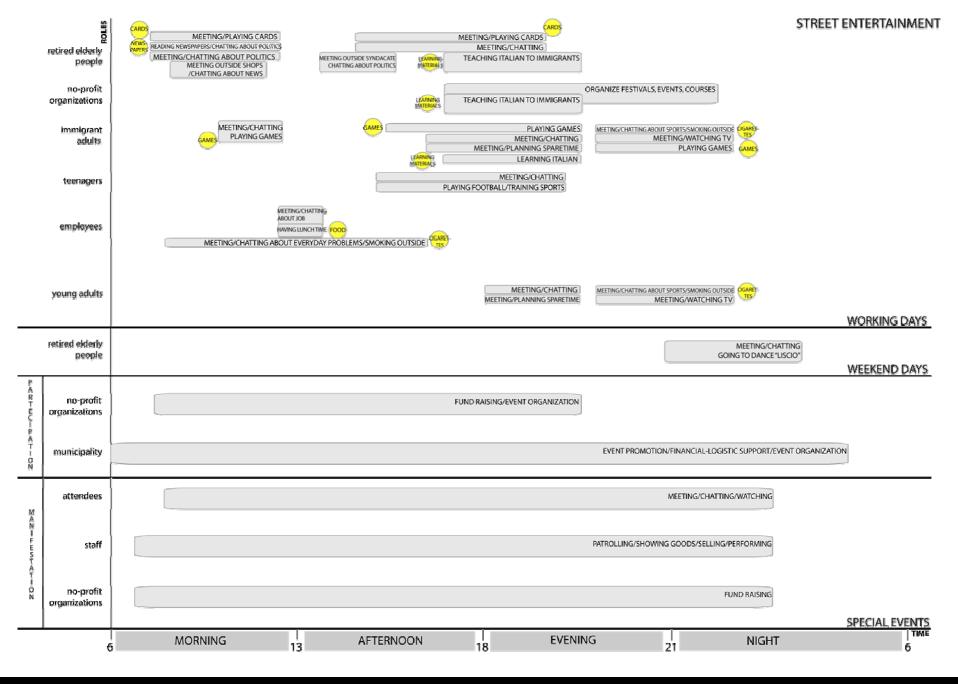


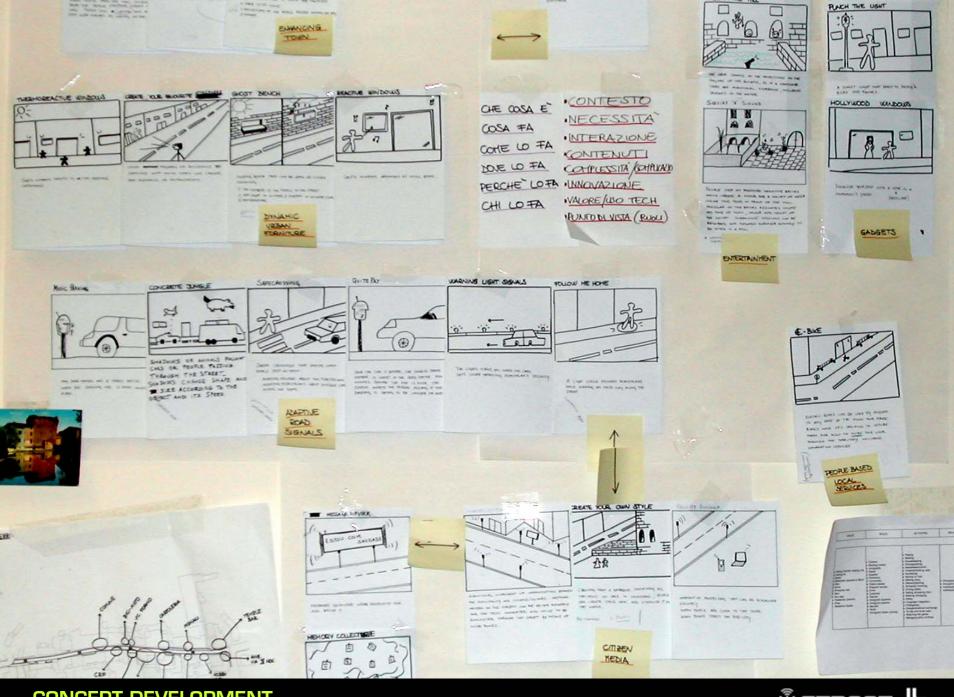












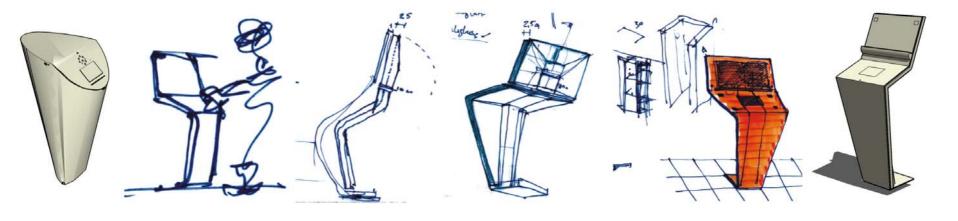


The first **outcomes** were **presented** on Apr, 28th 2006 to the **local municipality**, the **promoter** of the project.

The idea of an **extended library**, and the role of the universitary contents as a **strong attraction** for **students**, was **enthusiastically considered**.

The promoter confirmed the results of the activity analysis about the use of some spaces near the library for cultural purposes.





The **device**, which was first designed in two forms according to the functionalities (small for common use; large for projections, audiosurrounding, etc.), finally as a single element.

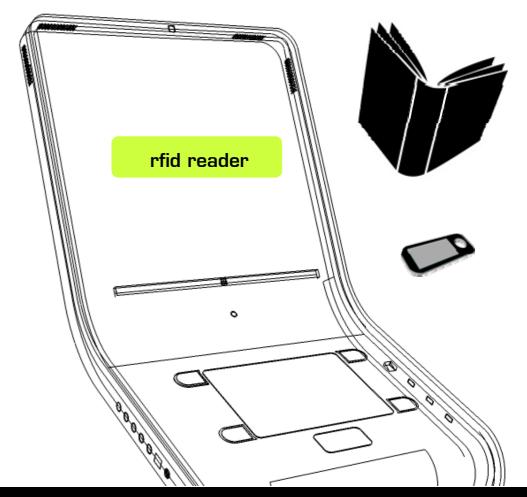
Aesthetical and functional issues suggested a linear shape rather than a cylindric one.



considering the interactions, the **book** and the **badge** assumed a key role in the **identification** and contents fruition.

the idea was to keep a trace in any borrowed book of personal data of the user, in order to permit identification at the device.

moreover the book and the badge became the input (by means of rfid tagging) to access the database of contents related to it.





The **prototyping** proceeded with the realization of the **structure** of the device, the four **buttons**, the **screen** and the **identification system**. A multimedia animation software was used to create a simple interface.

technologies used

.an old laptop
.the integrated
.circuit of a keyboard
.a rfid reader
.wiring board

materials used

.polystyrene .cardboard



This first physical mockup was tested in the park of Monteroni d'Arbia. the tests were conducted through the wizard of oz method.

The problems encountered by users were classified and the following redesign issues were indicated to improve the mockup.

A **second** evaluation **test** was conducted .

The redesign issues were mainly oriented to a radical rethinking of the buttons and an improvement of their affordance by means of light and colours.

Some **further developments** might be taken into consideration for a future refinement or for a **deepening** of the **design process** oriented to a real implementation of the concept:

the **creation** of **audio** and **visual contents** (e.g. Personal audiobooks, videoediting, etc.) directly from the artefact.

the possibility of **tagging personal contents** through **web-based applications** (e.g flickr, youtube, etc.)

the **migration of resources** and **service** from the artefact to the **free arrangeable areas** of the lounge (sofas and tables).

